# KERNEL

# Kernel Holding S.A.

Q3 FY2018 results and company presentation

May 2018



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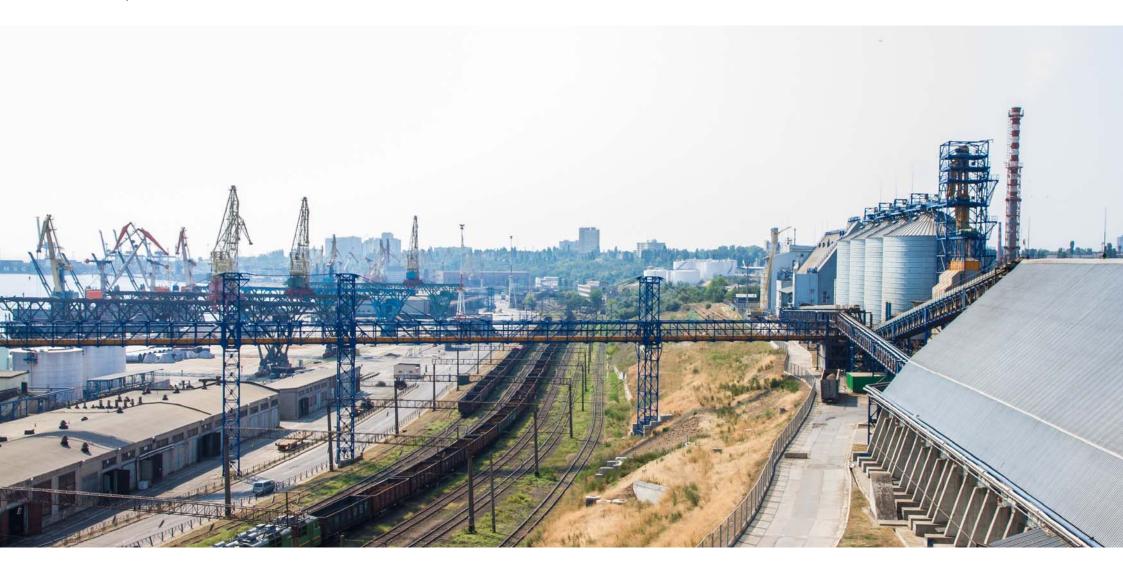
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"LTM" and "Last twelve months" throughout this presentation means the period of April 2017 – March 2018, inclusively.

# 1. Q3 FY2018 results



# 1.1 Q3 FY2018 highlights

- Revenue reduced 12% y-o-y to US\$ 541 million in Q3 FY2018
  - Lower sales volumes of sunflower oil and grain
  - No grain export operations in Russia in the reporting period due to the assignment of Taman terminal transshipment quota to a third party
- Company's EBITDA for the reporting period reduced by 9% y-o-y to US\$ 73 million:
  - Sunflower oil: crushing margins was expectedly weak, contracting to 54 US\$ per ton of oil sold in bulk; sales volumes of sunflower oil sold in bulk reduced by 14% y-o-y to 253 thousand tons
  - Grain & infrastructure:
    - Grain trading segment generated US\$ 35 million EBITDA in Q3 FY2018
       (7x up y-o-y), affected by strong contribution from operations of Avere a recently established subsidiary of Kernel.
    - As a result, despite lower y-o-y contribution of silo and export terminals segments, grain and infrastructure division's EBITDA doubled in Q3 FY2018 if comparing with the same period of the previous year, proving the advantages of diversified business model of the Company.
  - Farming segment EBITDA stood at US\$ 17 million in Q3 FY2018
- Driven by FX loss due to UAH appreciation and provision recognized to settle
  the possible obligation arising as a result of acquisition of Stiomi Holding in 2012,
  net loss attributable to shareholders stood at US\$ 39 million.
- Net cash generated from operations in Q3 FY2018 amounted to US\$ 88 million, as compared to US\$ 216 million for the same period a year ago, while investing activities generated a cash outflow, consisted mainly of investments into agricultural machinery and equipment needed by our expanded farming activities, and US\$ 28 million purchases of financial assets available for sale.
- Financial leverage seasonally increased to 3.0x in terms of net-debt-to-EBITDA ratio

	Q3	Q3	V-O-V	9M	9M	V-O-V
US\$ million except ratios and EPS	FY17	FY18	y-0-y	FY17	FY18	<i>y</i> o <i>y</i>
Income statement highlights						
Revenue	615.0	541.4	(12.0%)	1,658.4	1,613.6	(2.7%)
EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	80.7	73.1	(9.4%)	282.9	196.2	(30.7%)
Net profit / (loss) attributable to	32.9	(39.1)	n/a	192.4	50.7	(73.6%)
equity holders of Kernel Holding S.A.						
EBITDA margin	13.1%	13.5%	0.4pp	17.1%	12.2%	(4.9pp)
Net margin	5.4%	(7.2%)	(12.6pp)	11.6%	3.1%	(8.5pp)
EPS <sup>2</sup> , USD	0.41	(0.48)	n/a	2.41	0.62	(74.3%)
Cash flow highlights						
Operating profit before working	97.5	68.9	(29.4%)	267.9	185.4	(30.8%)
capital changes			,		,	,
Change in working capital	118.9	18.6	(84.3%)	. ,	(183.7)	,
Cash generated from operations	216.4	87.5	(59.5%)	27.3	,	(93.7%)
Net cash provided by / (used in)	199.9	61.0	(69.5%)	(17.8)	(58.0)	3.3x
operating activities						
Net cash used in investing activities	(9.7)	(51.0)	5.3x	(60.1)	(122.7)	104.1%
Liquidity and anodit matrice						
Liquidity and credit metrics	077.0	696.0	0.4.20/			
Net interest-bearing debt	377.6		84.3%			
Readily marketable inventories	429.8	562.2	30.8%			
Adjusted net debt <sup>3</sup>	(52.3)	133.8	n/a			
Shareholders' equity	1,129.4	1,157.2	2.5%			
Net debt / EBITDA <sup>4</sup>	1.1x	3.0x	+1.8x			
Adjusted net debt <sup>3</sup> / EBITDA <sup>4</sup>	(0.2x)	0.6x	+0.7x			
EBITDA / Interest <sup>5</sup>	5.3x	3.7x	-1.6x			

Third quarter ends 31 March

Note 1 Hereinafter, EBITDA is calculated as the sum of the profit from operating activities plus amortization and depreciation.

Note 2 EPS is measured in US Dollars per share based on 80.7 million shares in Q3 FY2017, 81.9 million shares in Q2 and Q3 FY2018, 80.1 million shares for 9M FY2017 and 81.9 million shares for 9M FY2018

**Note 3** Adjusted net financial debt is the sum of short-term interest-bearing debt, current maturities of long-term interest-bearing debt and long-term interest-bearing debt, less cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and readily marketable inventories at cost.

Note 4 Net debt/EBITDA and Adjusted net debt / EBITDA is calculated based on 12-month trailing EBITDA.

Note 5 EBITDA/Interest is calculated based on 12-month trailing EBITDA and net finance costs

# 1.2 Segment results Q3 and 9M of FY2018

	Revenue, US\$ m		EBIT	EBITDA, US\$ m		Volume, k t 1		EBITDA margin, US\$ /		, US\$ / t		
	Q3 FY17	Q3 FY18	у-о-у	Q3 FY17	Q3 FY18	у-о-у	Q3 FY17	Q3 FY18	у-о-у	Q3 FY17	Q3 FY18	у-о-у
Sunflower oil sold in bulk	300	265	(12%)	26.1	13.6	(48%)	294	253	(14%)	88.9	53.8	(39%)
Bottled sunflower oil	38	29	(23%)	4.4	3.3	(25%)	35	26	(24%)	126.6	125.5	(1%)
Sunflower oil division	338	294	(13%)	30.5	16.9	(45%)						
Grain trading	268	236	(12%)	5.3	34.6	556%	1,390	1,088	(22%)			
Export terminals <sup>2</sup>	15	13	(16%)	12.5	9.3	(25%)	1,176	1,005	(15%)	10.6	9.3	(12%)
Silo services	13	11	(15%)	8.7	6.2	(29%)	271	169	(38%)	32.2	36.7	14%
Grain & infrastructure division	296	259	(12%)	26.4	50.1	90%						
Farming division	141	125	(11%)	34.0	17.3	(49%)						
Unallocated corporate expenses Reconciliation	(160)	(137)	(14%)	(10.2)	(11.2)	10%						
Total	615	541	(12%)	80.7	73.1	(9%)						

	Revenue, US\$ m		EBITDA, US\$ m		Volume, k t 1		EBITDA margin, US\$ /		US\$ / t			
	9M FY17	9M FY18	у-о-у	9M FY17	9M FY18	у-о-у	9M FY17	9M FY18	у-о-у	9M FY17	9M FY18	у-о-у
Sunflower oil sold in bulk	784	873	11%	66.3	47.9	(28%)	802	915	14%	82.6	52.4	(37%)
Bottled sunflower oil	98	95	(4%)	11.6	10.6	(9%)	92	86	(6.9%)	125.5	123.1	(1.9%)
Sunflower oil division	882	968	10%	77.9	58.5	(25%)						
Grain trading Export terminals <sup>2</sup> Silo services Grain & infrastructure division	745 44 55 <b>844</b>	599 39 68 <b>705</b>	(20%) (13%) 22% (17%)	20.6 36.4 38.8 <b>95.9</b>	44.4 28.1 44.2 <b>116.7</b>	115% (23%) 14% <b>22%</b>	3,341	3,073 2,967 3,239	(25%) (11.2%) 1.2%	10.9 12.1	9.5 13.6	(13%) 12.4%
Farming division	328	392	19%	135.3	52.2	(61%)						
Unallocated corporate expenses Reconciliation	(397)	(451)	14%	(26.1)	(31.2)	19%						
Total	1,658	1,614	(3%)	282.9	196.2	(31%)						

### Sunflower oil

- 849k t of sunflower seeds processed in Q3 FY2018, another quarter of a strong capacity utilization
- Bulk sales weakened to 253 thousand tons in January-March 2018, preceding a spike in sales contracted for the next quarter
- EBITDA margin in Q3 FY2018 declined to 54 US\$ per ton of oil sold in bulk, down 39% y-o-y, as consequences of sunflower seed deficit started to materialize
- Division's EBITDA stood at US\$ 17m

### Grain & infrastructure

- Grain trading volumes in Q3 FY2018 amounted to 1.1m tons, out of which 0.9m tons stands for export from Ukraine (-15% y-o-y) and 0.2m tons stands for physical grain trading volumes reported by Avere
- Grain segment EBITDA<sup>3</sup> totaled to US\$ 35 million, mostly driven by the Avere trading gain reported
- Export terminals margin softened to 9.3 US\$ / t
- Robust silo segment performance driven by growth in grain-in-take volumes and superior profitability

### Farming

 EBITDA margin for 9 months FY2018 reduced by 28 percentage points, to 13% of revenue, undermined mostly by crop yields decline this season

Note 1 Million liters for bottled sunflower oil

Note 2 US\$ per thousand of liters for bottled sunflower oil

Note 3 Excluding Taman. Earnings from the joint venture are accounted for below EBITDA

Differences are possible due to rounding



# 1.3 Financial statements

Balance sheet highlights			
US\$ million	31 Mar 2017	31 Dec 2017	31 Mar 2018
Invested Capital			
Cash & cash equivalents	204.7	157.5	175.4
Net trade accounts receivable	130.2	118.0	141.1
Prepayments to suppliers & other	72.7	75.1	128.8
current assets			
Prepaid taxes	138.8	136.2	120.7
Inventory	539.8	768.8	728.5
of which: readily marketable	429.8	690.5	562.2
inventories			
Biological assets	44.7	32.7	48.9
Other currents assets	30.6	34.4	100.6
Intangible assets and goodwill	150.1	217.3	213.6
Net property, plant & equipment	517.8	577.1	579.7
Other non-current assets	88.0	93.4	102.2
Total assets	1,917.5	2,210.4	2,339.5
Financed by			
Trade accounts payable	51.0	41.4	77.4
Advances from customers & other	96.2	120.5	138.2
current liabilities			
Interest-bearing debt	579.4	853.3	868.8
Short-term debt	75.0	350.1	365.7
Long-term debt	11.3	8.8	8.7
Corporate bonds issued	493.1	494.4	494.4
Other liabilities	57.8	56.6	80.9
Total liabilities	784.4	1,071.8	1,165.3
Total equity	1,133.1	1,138.6	1,174.2

P&L highlights			
US\$ million, except ratios and EPS	Q3 FY2017	Q3 FY2018	у-о-у
Revenue	615.0	541.4	(12%)
Net IAS 41 gain	(15.8)	(11.9)	(25%)
Cost of sales	(474.2)	(471.4)	(1%)
Gross profit	125.0	58.1	(54%)
Other operating income	2.7	51.5	19x
Distribution costs	(44.4)	(31.6)	(29%)
General and administrative expenses	(16.1)	(25.4)	57%
Operating profit	67.3	52.6	(22%)
Financial costs, net	(21.5)	(16.0)	(26%)
Foreign exchange gain(loss), net	(1.6)	(24.7)	15x
Other income/(expenses), net	(2.7)	(33.0)	12x
Share of profit/(losses) of joint venture	(0.6)	0.4	n/a
Earnings before taxes	40.9	(20.7)	(151%)
Income tax	(7.5)	(5.5)	n/a
Net profit	33.4	(26.2)	(178%)
		(===)	(110,0)
EBITDA	80.7	73.1	(9.4%)
			, ,
Cash flow highlights			
US\$ million	Q3 FY2017	Q3 FY2018	<i>V-0-V</i>
Operating profit before working capital changes	97.5	68.9	(29%)
Changes in working capital	118.9	18.6	(84%)
Cash obtained from/(used in) operations	216.4	87.5	(60%)
Finance costs paid	(14.7)	(26.1)	77%
Income tax paid	(1.8)	(0.4)	(78%)
Net cash obtained from/(used in) operating activities	199.9	61.0	(69%)
Net PPE disposals/(purchases)	(8.1)	(19.8)	2x
Acquisition of subsidiaries and purchase of investment in joint ventures	(0.1)	(13.0)	n/a
	_	0.0	
	- (1.5)	(31.3)	
Other investing cash flow	(1.5)	(31.3)	21x
Other investing cash flow  Net cash obtained from/(used in) investing activities	(9.7)	(31.3) ( <b>51.0</b> )	21x 5x
Other investing cash flow  Net cash obtained from/(used in) investing activities  Proceeds from short-term and long-term borrowings (incl. bonds)	( <b>9.7</b> ) 22.8	(31.3) ( <b>51.0</b> ) 189.0	21x 5x 8x
Other investing cash flow  Net cash obtained from/(used in) investing activities  Proceeds from short-term and long-term borrowings (incl. bonds)  Repayment of short-term and long-term borrowings	(9.7) 22.8 (566.6)	(31.3) ( <b>51.0</b> )	21x 5x 8x (72%)
Other investing cash flow  Net cash obtained from/(used in) investing activities  Proceeds from short-term and long-term borrowings (incl. bonds)  Repayment of short-term and long-term borrowings  Other financing cash flow	(9.7) 22.8 (566.6) 493.1	(31.3) (51.0) 189.0 (158.2)	21x 5x 8x (72%) n/a
Other investing cash flow  Net cash obtained from/(used in) investing activities  Proceeds from short-term and long-term borrowings (incl. bonds)  Repayment of short-term and long-term borrowings	(9.7) 22.8 (566.6)	(31.3) ( <b>51.0</b> ) 189.0	21x 5x 8x (72%)
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Other investing cash flow  Net cash obtained from/(used in) investing activities  Proceeds from short-term and long-term borrowings (incl. bonds)  Repayment of short-term and long-term borrowings  Other financing cash flow  Net cash provided by financing activities  Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in	(9.7) 22.8 (566.6) 493.1	(31.3) (51.0) 189.0 (158.2)	21x 5x 8x (72%) n/a
Other investing cash flow  Net cash obtained from/(used in) investing activities  Proceeds from short-term and long-term borrowings (incl. bonds)  Repayment of short-term and long-term borrowings  Other financing cash flow  Net cash provided by financing activities	(9.7) 22.8 (566.6) 493.1 (50.7)	(31.3) (51.0) 189.0 (158.2) -	21x 5x 8x (72%) n/a n/a

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# 2. KERNEL TODAY



# 2.1 Kernel today

### Sunflower oil segment

- #1 sunflower oil exporter in the world
- #1 sunflower oil producer in Ukraine
- Leading bottled sunflower oil producer and marketer in Ukraine
- 9 crushing plants located across the sunflower seed belt in Ukraine
- 3.5 million tons annual sunflower seed crushing capacity

### **Grain and infrastructure segment**

- Leading grain originator and marketer in Ukraine with nearly 10% of country's total grain export
- Two export terminals in Ukraine and one in Russia (50/50 JV with Glencore) with total annual capacity to transship of 6.7 million tons of soft commodities
- #1 private inland grain silo network in Ukraine with
   2.8 million tons of storage capacity

# EBITDA <sup>1</sup>, US\$ million 213 178 129 100 80 FY2014 FY2015 FY2016 FY2017 LTM

### **EBITDA**, US\$ million



### Farming segment

- #1 crop producer in Ukraine operating 560 thousands hectares of leasehold farmland
- Modern large-scale operations, sustainable agronomic practices, cluster management system and export-oriented crop mix
- Nearly 100% of sales volumes flows through our infrastructure and sunflower oil segments, earning incremental profits

### **EBITDA**, US\$ million

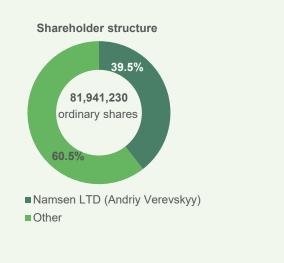


### FY14 FY15 FY16 FY17 LTM Key financials, US\$ m1 Revenue 2.393 2.330 1,989 2.169 2.124 **EBITDA** 232 223 397 346 319 35 Net profit/(loss)<sup>2</sup> 107 225 176 (98)EBITDA margin 9.3% 17.0% 17.4% 14.7% 10.9% Net margin (4.1%)4.6% 11.3% 8.1% 1.6% EPS. US\$ (1.23)1.34 2.83 2.19 0.42

- 1. Except ratios and EPS
- 2. Net profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of Kernel Holding S.A.

### Stock information

Exchange	Warsaw Stock Exchange
Stock quote currency	PLN
Issued shares	81,941,230
Bloomberg   Reuters ticker	KER PW   KERN.WA
ISIN code	LU0327357389



Note 1 Hereinafter, segment EBITDA is presented prior to certain unallocated G&A costs and net of discontinued operations and assets held for sale



Kernel

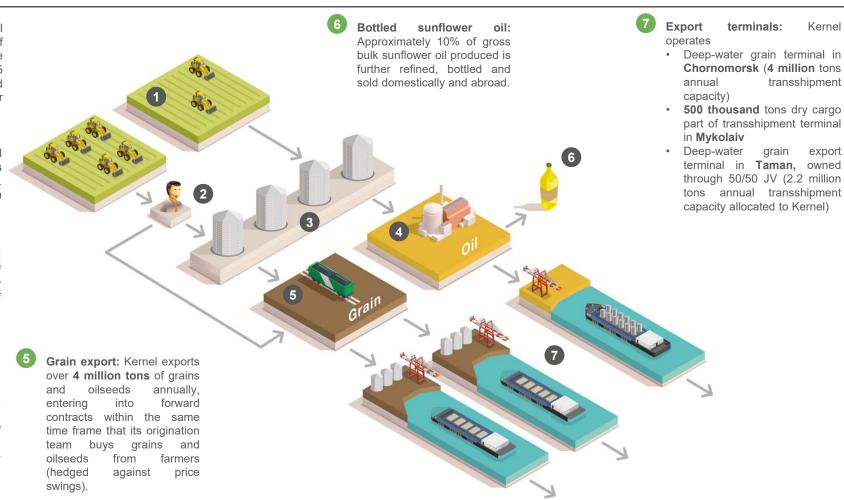
## 2.2 What we do

farming: Kernel operates 560 thousand ha of farmland in Ukraine producing in excess of 2.5 million tons of grains and oilseeds that flow via its other business divisions.

Procurement: Kernel sources ca. 3.0 million tons of sunflower seeds and ca. 3.0 million tons of grains from over 5,000 farmers.

network: Kernel operates 2.8 million tons of grain silo storage capacity across various regions of Ukraine.

Oilseed processing: Kernel's 9 oilseed crushing plants1 have a processing capacity of 3.5 million tons of sunflower seeds crushed per year. 1,000kg of sunflower oil seeds yields, on average, 440kg of sunflower oil, 390kg of sunflower meal and 160kg of sunseed husk.



Kernel operates an integrated, simple and resilient business model

Note 1 Including one plant operated under tolling agreement (275 thousand tons of sunflower seed annual crushing capacity)



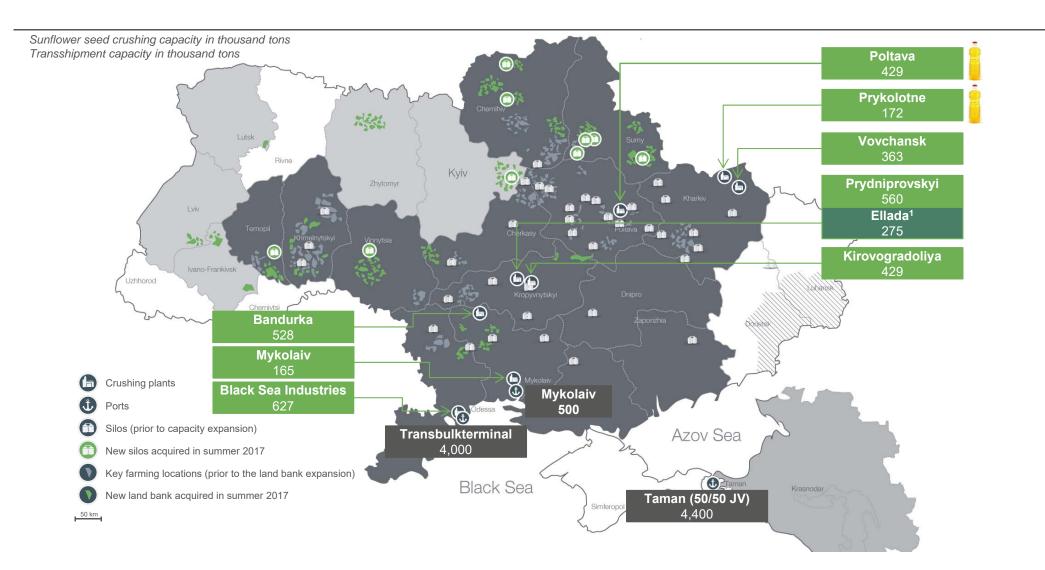
Q3 FY2018 results

Kernel today

Kernel 2021

Financials and outlook

# 2.3 Unique and well-invested asset base



Diversified and strategically located asset base provides significant competitive advantages

Note 1 Operated under tolling agreement



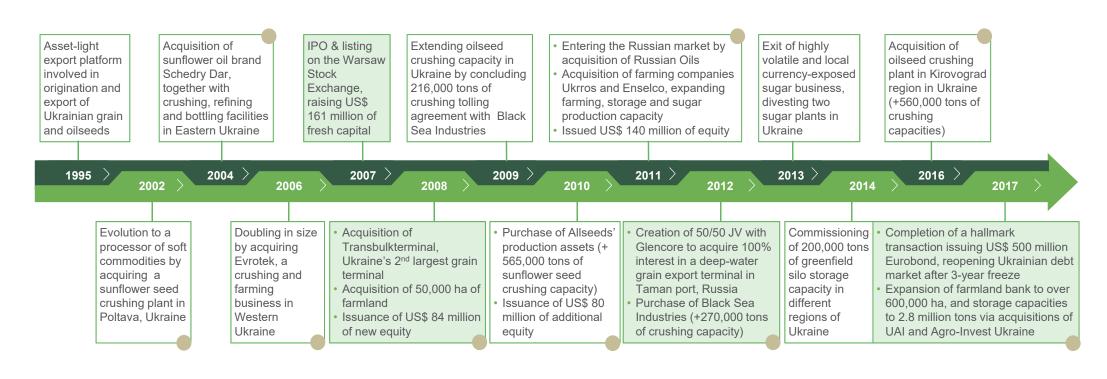
Q3 FY2018 results

Kernel today

Kernel 2021

Financials and outlook

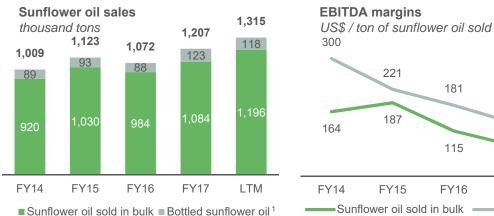
# 2.4 Kernel's key milestones

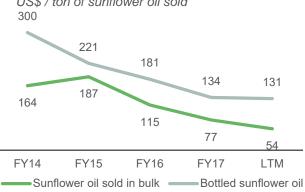


Asset growth through M&A

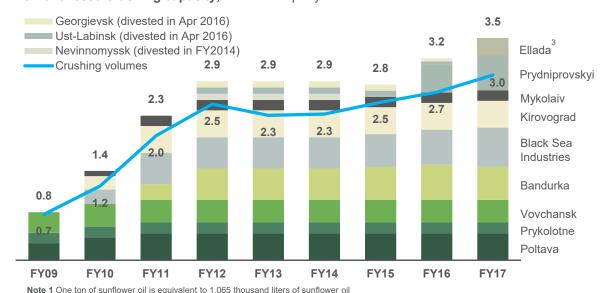
### Unparalleled track record of continuous development and growth

# 2.6 Sunflower oil segment



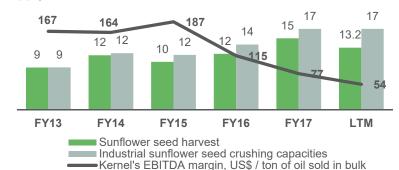


### Kernel oilseed crushing capacity, million tons per year



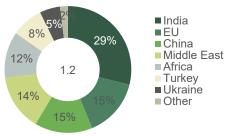
- Widening S&D gap keeps crushing margins under pressure, opening doors for market consolidation and streamlining of demand
- Focus on capacity utilization. With 3.2 million tons of sunflower seeds crushed in Apr'17-Mar'17, Kernel operated at nearly full capacity utilization<sup>2</sup>, well above Ukrainian average
- Kernel sold a record 1.3m t of sunflower oil on the LTM basis, up 33% y-o-y
- Overall, sunflower oil business contributed EBITDA of US\$ 80m on the LTM basis, 20% less than a year ago

### Supply & demand for sunflower seeds in Ukraine, million ton



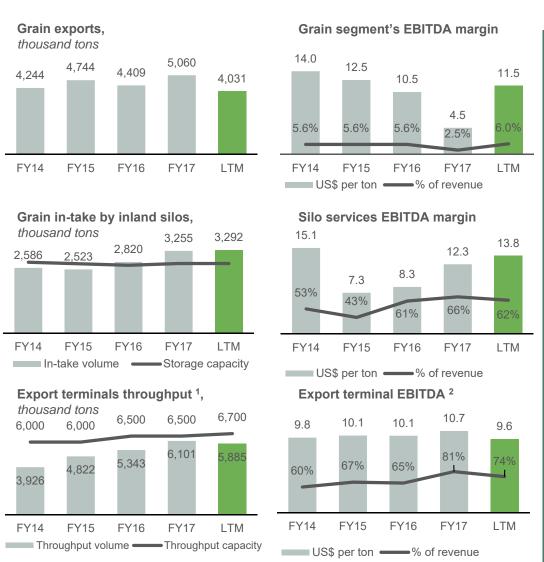
Source National Academy of Agricultural Sciences of Ukraine, USDA, Kernel

### Sunflower oil key sales markets in FY2017, million tons



Note 2 Mykolaiv crushing plant has been rented out to 3<sup>rd</sup> party since August 2016 Note 3 Operated under tolling agreement

# 2.7 Grain and infrastructure segment



### Grain:

- Decline in grain export volumes following the assignment of Taman grain transshipment quota entitlement to a 3<sup>rd</sup> party for FY2018
- Margins spike mostly driven by the Avere trading gain reported. Domestic grain trading margins remain weak



### Silo services:

- Further growth in grain in-take volumes driven by the de-bottlenecking of our silo network and acquisition of new modern silos in summer 2017
- Healthy EBITDA margin supported by strong demand for grain drying services due to a rainy harvesting campaign in 2017

### **Export terminals:**

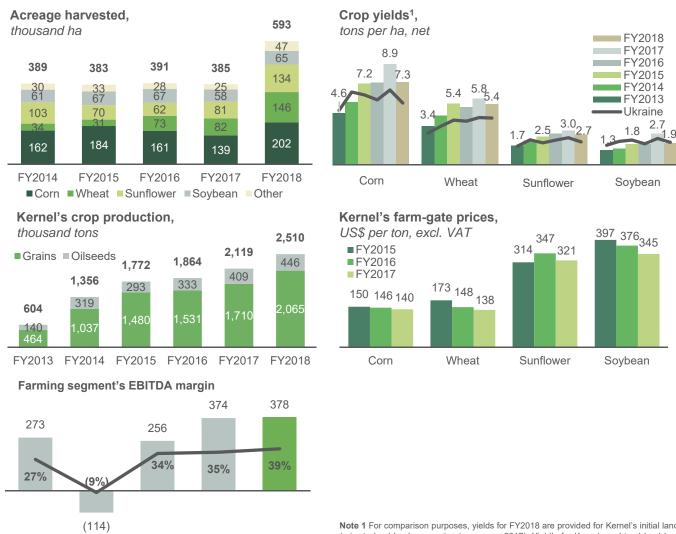
- Strong export terminals throughput volumes due to robust grain supply in the region and debottlenecking of our existing deep-water transshipment facilities
- Margins stay stable, which is natural for capital-intensive infrastructure assets
- Overall, grain and infrastructure business contributed US\$ 110m of EBITDA in FY2017, up 3% y-o-y, and US\$ 131m on the LTM basis.

Note 1 Including Taman

Note 2 Taman is not included as its operating results are accounted below Kernel's operating profit



# 2.8 Farming segment



- Acquisition of Ukrainian Agrarian Investments and Agro-Invest Ukraine in summer 2017 expanded the leasehold farmland bank by more than 200 thousand hectares, but part of land will be disposed, being suboptimal for our operations.
- Total net tonnage of the five key crops harvested by Kernel increased by 18% y-o-y, as a decline in Company's crop yields was more than compensated for by the land bank expansion in summer 2017. Crop yields on Kernel's initial lands (prior to expansion) are above the country averages, and we are working at full speed to replicate our production technology on the newly acquired land bank.
- Overall, farming division contributed US\$ 146 million EBITDA in FY2017, down mere 0.3% y-o-y
  - LTM EBITDA was US\$ 62 million

**Note 1** For comparison purposes, yields for FY2018 are provided for Kernel's initial lands (prior to land bank expansion in summer 2017). Yield's for Kernel combined land bank are provided on page 5.

**Note 2** Farming segment EBITDA for the period, divided by the acreage harvested in corresponding year.

FY2013

FY2014

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FY2015

US\$ per ha<sup>2</sup> ——% of revenue

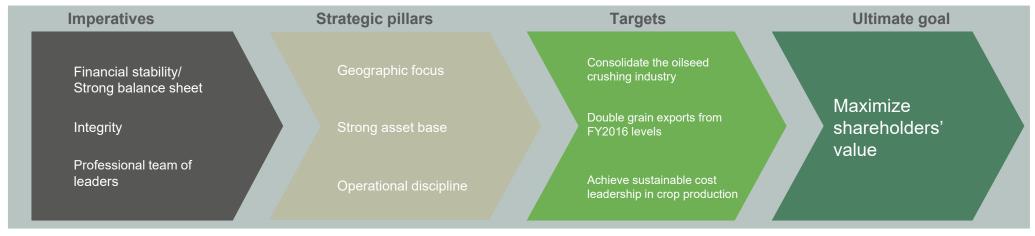
FY2016

# 3. Kernel 2021: a road to US\$ 500 million EBITDA



# 3.1 Kernel's mid-term strategy

We aim to profitably double export volumes by FY2021, providing unique complex solutions to our clients (customers and suppliers), with balanced development of our business segments resulting from an efficient use of our asset base, investment in technology and innovation, strategic acquisitions, continuous development of our employees and strengthening of our operations.





### Sunflower oil



# Grain and infrastructure



**Farming** 

Key deliverables in 2017

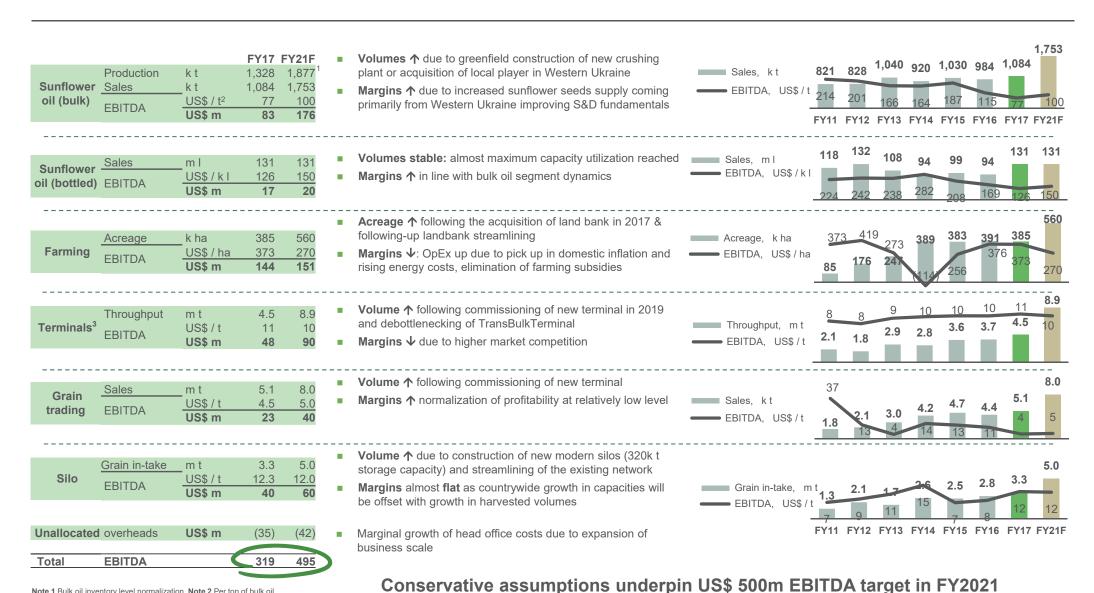
- Design and preparation works on greenfield crushing plant in Western Ukraine
- Ongoing M&A dialogue with local producer
- Active construction phase on our 2<sup>nd</sup> 4-million-ton deepwater grain transshipment terminal in Chornomorsk
- Launched Avere a knowledge and research platform to effectively hedge the expected increase of Kernel's exports to 12 million tons a year

 Acquisition of Ukrainian Agrarian Investments and AgroInvestUkraine expanded leasehold farmland bank by 200,000 hectares

# Mid-term targets in detail

- Construction of 1-million-ton per year greenfield crushing plant in Western Ukraine
- Alternatively, acquisition of 1.0-1.5 million tons of additional crushing capacities in Western Ukraine
- Double grain exports in FY2021 through greenfield construction of up to 4.0 million tons deep-water transshipment facility in Ukraine
- Expand and streamline silo network to serve growing in-house production and export volumes
- Achieve sustainable low-cost crop production through investments in technology
- Smooth integration of recently acquired assets to uplift the operational efficiency and productivity levels to Kernel's high standard

# 3.2 Road to US\$ 500m EBITDA by 2021



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Company presentation May 2018

# 3.3 Sunflower oil

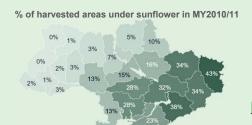
### Strong case for the construction of greenfield crushing plant in Western Ukraine

- Extremely high crushing margins over the past 5-6 years drove substantial investment into the sector and resulted in overcapacity, pushing the margins to historically low level.
- We expect the gradual recovery and stabilization of margins at around US\$ 100 per ton of oil within next few seasons, following the rationalization of demand along with the supply growth, primarily from Western Ukraine

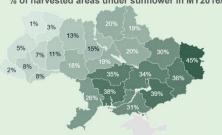
# Western Ukraine has the capabilities to increase sunflower seed production by nearly 2 million tons over the next few years

- Ideal weather conditions for sunflower seeds production → yields above Ukrainian average, higher oil content
- Historically long transportation leg to the area of installed crushing capacity prohibited mass production of sunflower seeds in Western Ukraine

 Falling crushing margins along with sunflower seed record profitability enables longer transportation distances, incentivizing oilseed production in Western Ukraine



% of harvested areas under sunflower in MY2016/17



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West	MY15	MY17	MY21E
Acreage under sunflower, %	3.8%	7.7%	14%
Yield, t/ha	2.3	2.7	3.0
Production, k t	394	963	2.367

Center

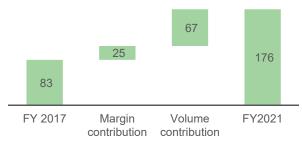
South-

Center			
Acreage under sunflower, %	15%	18%	20%
Yield, t/ha	2.6	2.7	2.9
Production, k t	2,765	3,699	4.685
Surplus (shortage), k t	552	729	1,716

South-East			
Acreage under sunflower, %	30%	33%	31%
Yield, t/ha	1.8	2.1	2.3
Production, k t	6,975	8,965	8,643
Surplus (shortage), k t	(2,227)	(4,925)	(5,247)

- Lack of established players in Western Ukraine → low level of competition for sunflower seeds → higher margins
- Long distance to sunflower seed deficit area is a natural cushion to protect margins
- Kernel aims to enter Western Ukraine regions via greenfield construction of 1-million-ton per year crushing plant or, as an alternative, through the acquisition of local producer in the region

# EBITDA bridge (sunflower oil sold in bulk) US\$ million



### Underlying assumptions

	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY21F
k t	2,523	2,685	2,959	3,335
k t				931
%	44%	44%	45%	44%
k t	1,110	1,181	1,328	1,877
k t	1,030	984	1,084	1,344
k t				409
US\$/t	187	115	77	100
US\$ m	193	113	83	176
	k t % k t k t k t US\$/t	kt 2,523 kt % 44% kt 1,110 kt 1,030 kt US\$/t 187	kt 2,523 2,685 kt % 44% 44% kt 1,110 1,181 kt 1,030 984 kt US\$/t 187 115	k t 2,523 2,685 2,959 k t

### Summary:

- Investments: US\$ 130 million
- Incremental working capital: US\$ 80 million
- Target EBITDA contribution: US\$ 41 million

# 3.4 Grain and infrastructure

### Construction of TransGrainTerminal and new silos

### TransGrainTerminal highlights

- Construction started in 2017
- Commissioning date: autumn 2019
- Transshipment capacity: 4m t per annum

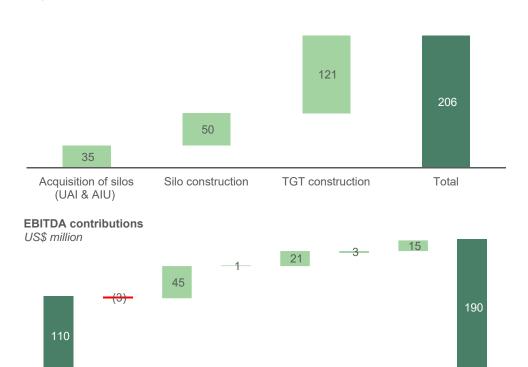
### Grain silos construction highlights

 Construction of new silos with 320k t storage capacity to support growth in grain export volumes

### **Underlying assumptions**

Grain transshipment	+	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY21F
Throughput (initial) <sup>1</sup>	k t	2,782	3,648	3,724	4,456	4,900
Throughput (TGT)	k t	,	•	,	,	4,000
EBITDA	US\$ / t	10	10	10	11	10
EBITDA	US\$ m	27	37	37	48	90
	-					
Grain trading						
Volumes (initial)	k t	4,244	4,744	4,409	5,060	4,000
Volumes (TGT)	k t					4,000
EBITDA	US\$ / t	14.0	12.5	10.5	4.5	5.0
EBITDA	US\$ m	59	59	46	23	40
Silo services						
Volumes (initial)	k t	2,586	2,523	2,820	3,257	4,360
Volumes (new)	k t					640
EBITDA	US\$ / t	15.1	7.3	8.3	12.3	12.0
EBITDA	US\$ m	39	18	23	40	60
Total EBITDA	US\$ m	126	114	107	110	190





Margin

Grain trading

contribution

Volume

Volume

FY2021F

### Summary:

Terminal contribution

Margin

FY2017

■ Investments: US\$ 206 million

Volume

Incremental working capital: US\$ 30 million

Margin

Silo contribution

■ Target EBITDA contribution: **US\$ 80 million** 

Note 1 Excluding Taman



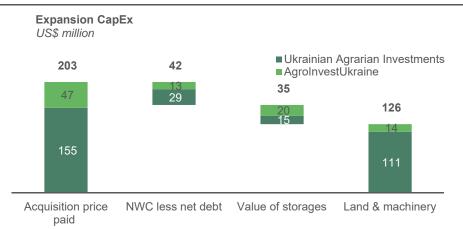
# 3.5 Farming

### Integration of acquired leasehold land bank to uplift productivity to Kernel's standard

- US\$ 128 million (adjusted for storage capacity and net working capital) has been invested into leasehold farm landbank expansion, increasing the acreage under management to 600,000 hectares
- Following the disposal of suboptimal acreage, Kernel shall operate 560,000 hectares
- Currently management focus is on the smooth integration of newly acquired businesses and uplifting the productivity to Kernel's standard
- We envisage the reduction of margins in farming business due to accelerating inflation of field costs, cancellation of VAT subsidies and prolonged weakness of global soft commodity prices

### **Underlying assumptions**

			FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY21F
Acreage ha	rvested	k ha	389	383	391	385	560 <sup>1</sup>
	Corn	t / ha	5.5	7.2	7.2	8.9	8.5
Not aren	Wheat	t / ha	4.3	5.4	5.1	5.8	5.4
Net crop vields	Sunflower	t / ha	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0	2.9
yleius	Soybean	t / ha	1.4	1.8	1.8	2.7	2.4
	Rapeseed	t / ha	2.5	-	4.4	3.0	3.2
EBITDA		US\$ m	(44)	98	147	144	151
EBITDA		US\$ / ha	n/m	256	376	373	270



### **EBITDA** contributions

(40) 47 144 151

EBITDA FY2017 EBITDA margin Land bank increase EBITDA FY2021F reduction

### **Summary:**

- Investments: US\$ 126 million
- Incremental working capital: US\$ 100 million
- Target EBITDA contribution: US\$ 47 million

Note 1 After land bank streamlining flowing recent acquisitions



Company presentation May 2018

# 4. FINANCIALS AND OUTLOOK



Q3 FY2018 Financials and results Kernel today Kernel 2021 outlook

# 4.1 Consolidated statement of profit or loss

US\$ million, except ratios and EPS	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	LTM
Revenue	215	350	663	1,047	1,020	1,899	2,072	2,797	2,393	2,330	1,989	2,169	2,124
Net IAS 41 gain / (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	(17)	(7)	20	(3)	(30)
Cost of sales	(173)	(267)	(505)	(730)	(709)	(1,440)	(1,614)	(2,361)	(1,968)	(1,810)	(1,548)	(1,723)	(1,808)
Gross profit	42	83	159	317	311	460	457	451	408	512	460	443	286
Other operating income	1	8	25	17	18	26	66	67	60	83	45	41	78
Distribution costs	(20)	(39)	(52)	(143)	(134)	(170)	(199)	(238)	(263)	(199)	(158)	(159)	(127)
G&A expenses	(11)	(13)	(20)	(24)	(27)	(38)	(67)	(78)	(77)	(68)	(59)	(60)	(81) <b>156</b>
EBIT	12	39	112	167	167	277	257	201	129	328	287	265	156
Financial costs, net	(9)	(19)	(28)	(32)	(23)	(42)	(63)	(75)	(72)	(69)	(57)	(62)	(63)
FX gain(loss), net	(1)	(1)	3	(3)	11	2	5	3	(99)	(153)	30	(3)	(5)
Other non-operating items	(2)	(2)	5	(4)	(4)	(28)	(3)	(8)	(48)	(5)	(13)	(3)	(40)
Income tax	0	2	(9)	5	0	18	9	(6)	(11)	(0)	(4)	(19)	2
Net profit from continuing operations	0	19	82	132	152	226	206	115	(102)	101	244	179	50
Profit / (loss) from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	(10)	(6)	(5)	(17)	_	
Net profit	0	19	82	132	152	226	211	105	(107)	96	227	179	<b>50</b> 35
Net profit attributable to shareholders	1	20	83	136	152	226	207	112	(98)	107	225	176	35
EPS, US\$		-	2.1	2.0	2.2	3.0	2.6	1.4	(1.2)	1.3	2.8	2.2	0.42
ROE <sup>1</sup>		37%	36%	36%	32%	29%	19%	9%	(8%)	11%	24%	16%	3%
ROIC <sup>2</sup>		21%	25%	26%	22%	23%	17%	9%	(1%)	11%	21%	15%	5%
Net Income / Invested Capital		14%	36%	21%	23%	24%	15%	6%	-5%	6%	17%	13%	2%
EBITDA, incl.	17	46	123	190	190	310	319	288	223	397	346	319	232
Sunflower oil	-	-	81	89	101	202	198	199	178	213	129	100	80
Grain and infrastructure	-	-	40	112	80	94	59	59	126	114	107	110	131
Farming	-	-	20	7	23	32	74	67	(44)	98	146	144	62
Unallocated expenses and other	-	-	(18)	(18)	(14)	(18)	(12)	(38)	(36)	(29)	(36)	(35)	(41)
Gross margin	19%	24%	24%	30%	30%	24%	22%	16%	17%	22%	23%	20%	13.5%
EBITDA margin	8%	13%	19%	18%	19%	16%	15%	10%	9%	17%	17%	15%	10.9%
Net margin	0.0%	5.3%	12.4%	12.6%	14.9%	11.9%	10.2%	3.8%	(4.5%)	4.1%	11.4%	8.2%	2.4%

Note 2 Sum of net profit attributable to shareholders and financial costs, divided by average over the period sum of the debt and equity



Note 1 Net profit attributable to shareholders divided by average equity attributable to shareholders over the period

# 4.2 Balance sheet

Balance sheet highlights													31 Mar
US\$ million	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	2018
Cash & cash equivalents	6	25	89	129	59	116	83	79	65	129	60	143	175
Net trade accounts receivable	9	10	49	32	65	112	146	151	100	56	75	87	141
Prepayments to suppliers & other current assets	7	9	30	26	94	81	90	110	57	61	53	83	129
Prepaid taxes	9	22	23	73	206	221	236	210	156	105	138	143	121
Inventory	32	40	145	99	148	184	410	270	300	159	200	387	729
of which: readily marketable inventories	29	38	139	91	143	141	336	157	243	140	184	354	562
Biological assets	3	10	42	19	26	96	153	247	183	147	190	256	49
Other current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	12	2	4	21	101
Intangible assets and goodwill	10	28	103	81	118	152	228	321	233	172	159	219	214
Net property, plant & equipment	72	128	232	222	379	503	728	763	643	535	539	570	580
Other non-current assets	5	3	43	19	29	109	41	187	170	100	91	100	102
Total assets	156	275	756	700	1,125	1,573	2,116	2,362	1,919	1,466	1,509	2,009	2,339
Trada assaunta navabla	1	6	6	0	11	07	25	47	33	27	42	53	77
Trade accounts payable	5	9		8		27				27			
Advances from customers & other current liabilities		-	22	26	131	102	155	202	80	63	77	89	138
Interest-bearing debt Short-term debt	<b>93</b> 29	<b>157</b> 44	<b>256</b> 127	<b>295</b> 160	<b>345</b> 210	<b>422</b> 266	<b>693</b> 266	<b>725</b> 450	<b>743</b> 483	<b>463</b> 367	<b>339</b> 254	<b>655</b> 152	<b>869</b> 366
			98	133	135	∠66 156	200 427		463 260	95	254 84	152	300
Long-term debt	54 10	102 10	31	2	133			276	200	95	04	6 494	494
Corporate bonds issued	9	18	32	14	32	-	33	35	32	21	55	56	81
Other liabilities	108	190	315	342	520	24 <b>575</b>	906	1,009	888	575	512	851	1,165
Total liabilities	48	190 85	440	342	520 605	997	1,211	1,009	1,031	891	997	1,158	1,165
Total equity	40	00	440	35/	600	997	1,211	1,352	1,031	091	997	1,150	1,1/4
Debt / equity ratio	2.0x	1.8x	0.6x	0.8x	0.6x	0.4x	0.6x	0.5x	0.7x	0.5x	0.3x	0.6x	0.7x
Debt / assets ratio	60%	57%	34%	42%	31%	27%	33%	31%	39%	32%	22%	33%	37%
Liquidity position and credit metrics													
Gross interest-bearing debt	94	158	259	300	350	428	698	734	749	469	343	657	871
Cash	6	25	89	129	59	116	83	79	65	129	60	143	175
Net interest-bearing debt	88	133	170	170	<b>291</b>	312	616	655	684	339	<b>283</b>	514	696
Readily marketable inventories	29	38	139	91	143	141	336	157	243	140	184	354	562
Adjusted net financial debt	58	95	32	79	148	170	<b>280</b>	498	441	199	99	160	134
Aujustea net inianeiai uest	30	33	02	, ,	140	170	200	430	771	155	33	100	137
Net debt / EBITDA	5.2x	2.9x	1.4x	0.9x	1.5x	1.0x	1.9x	2.3x	3.1x	0.9x	0.8x	1.6x	3.0
Adjusted net debt / EBITDA	3.4x	2.0x	0.3x	0.4x	0.8x	0.5x	0.9x	1.7x	2.0x	0.5x	0.3x	0.5x	0.6
EBITDA / Interest	1.8x	2.5x	4.4x	5.9x	8.3x	7.3x	5.1x	3.8x	3.1x	5.8x	6.1x	5.1x	3.7x

Note: financial year ends 30 June.

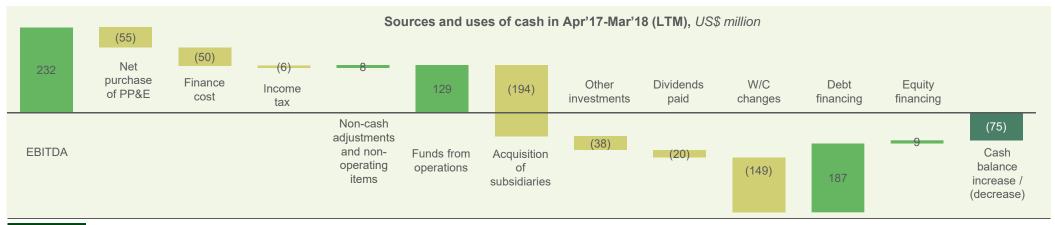
Source: Consolidated audited financial accounts for 12 months, periods ending 30 June 2006 to 2017



Q3 FY2018 Financials and results Kernel today Kernel 2021 outlook

# 4.3 Cash flow statement

US\$ million	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	LTM
EBITDA	17	46	123	190	190	310	319	288	223	397	346	319	232
Net purchase of PP&E	(6)	2	(24)	(89)	(56)	(48)	(93)	(91)	(42)	(23)	(30)	(40)	(55)
Finance cost paid	(9)	(18)	(28)	(32)	(23)	(36)	(67)	(76)	(72)	(68)	(58)	(35)	(50)
Income tax paid	(0)	(1)	(3)	(2)	(1)	(3)	(7)	(43)	(40)	(13)	(3)	(6)	(6)
Non-cash adjustments and non-operating items	(0)	(1)	7	(32)	12	(36)	(27)	1	(41)	(70)	(18)	5	8
Funds from operations	1	28	75	35	123	187	125	78	28	223	237	243	129
Change in working capital	(36)	(15)	(210)	(25)	(97)	(180)	(242)	135	(1)	147	(136)	(206)	(149)
Acquisition of subsidiaries and JVs, net	-	(60)	(97)	(5)	(70)	(11)	(136)	(152)	(41)	2	(36)	(146)	(194)
Other investments	1	0	(49)	(1)	1	(66)	(0)	(23)	(1)	(4)	6	(37)	(38)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)
Free cash flow	(34)	(46)	(281)	4	(44)	(71)	(253)	38	(14)	349	51	(166)	(271)
Financing	31	64	315	36	4	124	225	(48)	7	(290)	(115)	193	196
Debt	32	62	81	36	(77)	(18)	220	(45)	7	(289)	(115)	178	187
Equity	(1)	3	235	-	81	141	5	(2)	-	(1)	-	15	9
Cash EoP	6	25	59	98	58	110	83	73	65	124	60	87	130
Cash conversion cycle	n/a	71	91	89	126	95	124	94	90	71	66	88	159
Payment period, days	n/a	(5)	(4)	(3)	(5)	(5)	(6)	(6)	(7)	(6)	(8)	(10)	(13)
Inventories processing, days	n/a	49	67	61	64	42	67	53	53	46	42	62	128
Receivables collection, days	n/a	10	16	14	18	17	23	19	19	12	12	14	23
VAT receivables, days	n/a	17	13	17	50	41	40	28	26	18	20	22	21



# 4.4 Outlook for FY2018 and FY2019

### FY2018 outlook

- Market environment this season remains challenging and we don't expect any major positive surprises until the beginning of new harvesting campaign. Along with that, we believe that most of the setbacks we face this year have already been materialized and further deterioration of market conditions is limited.
- We are progressing on our target to crush 3.2 million tons of sunflower seeds in FY2018, and this target looks achievable. Notwithstanding some temporary recovery in profitability, full year crushing margin this season will be weak.
- For our grain and infrastructure division we are more optimistic. While some margin softening is expected in export terminals segment this year, silo services and grain trading activities should keep the overall division's EBITDA in FY2018 at quite comparable level y-o-y.
- Farming division's performance this season was negatively affected by dry weather conditions in summer 2017, followed by adversely affected crop yields taking a toll on financial performance. As a result, our profitability substantially declined, and we maintain our full year farming EBITDA guidance at US\$ 85 million (prior to IAS41 effect).

### FY2019 outlook

- In **sunflower oil division** we anticipate crushing margin to improve. The recovery seems to be driven by y-o-y growth in planting areas under sunflower and crop yields recovery, with crushing capacities being stable and assuming no weather shocks.
- The **grain & infrastructure** part of our business becomes more and more focused on infrastructure, as low entry barriers make grain trading business highly competitive. Therefore, we expect continuation of weak physical trading profitability while stable silo and export terminals performance next season. Volume-wise we expect some growth in exports driven by the commissioning of the 1<sup>st</sup> stage of our new grain transshipment terminal in Chornomorsk, scheduled for autumn 2018, and by commissioning of several silos we are currently constructing.
- The **farming segment** growth next year is anticipated to be driven by the increased contribution from the new lands acquired in summer 2017, the rebound of global soft commodity prices, and the normalization of crop yields in Ukraine following last year drought.

# IR contact

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Kyiv Ukraine, 01001

### Investor calendar

Q4 FY2018 Operations Update

FY2018 Financial Report

17 July 2018

22 October 2018

# **APPENDICES**



# A1. Key highlights

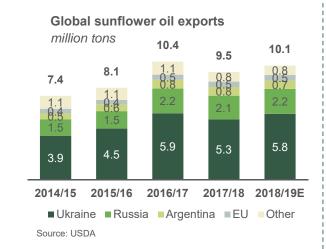
- Kernel operates in globally competitive growing Ukrainian agri sector
- Integrated, resilient and simple business model built around scale & global reach
- Leader across all market segments supported by unparalleled world-class asset base with high barriers to entry
- Top standard of corporate governance
- Solid financial performance and position
- Clear 2021 strategy reinforced with unmatched track record
- Financial performance target of US\$ 500m EBITDA in FY2021 is based on conservative assumptions and investments under management control
- Reversion of low commodity cycle and farmland market reform in Ukraine are free options imbedded into Kernel's business model

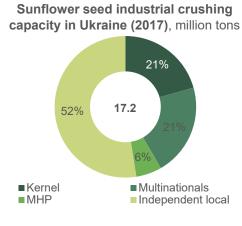
# A2. Markets and business environment

### Sunflower oil

### Global consumption of vegetable oils million tons 199 166 25 18 131 24 30 100 26 68 57 42 1998/99 2003/04 2008/09 2013/14 2018/19E

■ Palm ■ Soybean ■ Rapeseed ■ Sunflower seed ■ Other







Source: National Academy of Agricultural Sciences of Ukraine. Kernel's estimates

Source: USDA for historical data, forecast as per Kernel's estimates

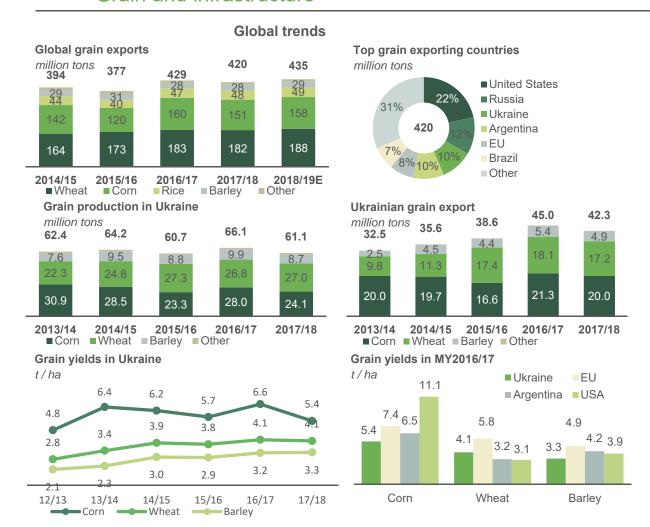
### Global edible oils market trends

- Following the global demographic trends, world consumption of vegetable oils is expected to achieve healthy 3.7% y-o-y growth in 2018/19 marketing season to 199 million tons. Sunflower oil imports are forecast up at 8.6 million tons, the second-highest on record. This reflects strong demand in India, the European Union, China, North Africa, and the Middle East. Despite growing global production of sunflower oil, rising consumption will keep stocks relatively tight.
- Global vegetable oil production is expected to grow modestly, with all major oils forecast up except for olive oil. Sunflower oil production will be the fastest growing market segment in 2018/19 (5.2% up y-o-y) thanks to projected higher yields for Ukraine and Russia and is expected to reach a record 19.3 million tons.
- At the same time, Ukraine remains the largest producer and exporter of sunflower oil globally.

Source: USDA

# A2. Markets and business environment

### Grain and infrastructure



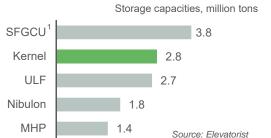
- Being the 3<sup>rd</sup> largest grain exporter in the world, Ukraine still has a significant potential to increase grain production by applying more efficient crop production techniques and reaching higher yields, which are currently 20-40% lower than those of developed producers
- With stable domestic consumption, productivity gains shall directly translate into export volumes growth

### Top 5 grain exporters from Ukraine

2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Nibulon	Nibulon	SFGCU	Nibulon
Louis Dreyfus	SFGCU	Kernel	Kernel
A. Toepfer	Kernel	Nibulon	SFGCU
Kernel	Louis Dreyfus	Cargill	ADM
SFGCU	Cofco	ULF	Cargill

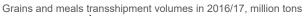
Source: Agrochart, Ukrainian Agrarian Confederation, Kernel

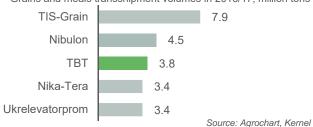
### Top 5 silo networks in Ukraine



(1) State Food and Grain Company of Ukraine

### Top 5 grain transshipment terminals in Ukraine



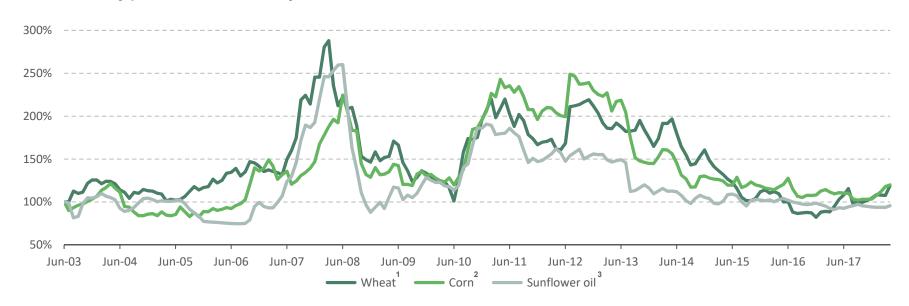


 Having leading positions in grain trading and infrastructure segments, Kernel is the best positioned platform in Ukraine to benefit from future growth of export volumes from Ukraine.

# A2. Markets and business environment

### Low cycle of soft commodity prices

### Index of soft commodity prices, US\$-inflation adjusted



### Note

- I. Wheat: No.1 Hard Red Winter, ordinary protein, FOB Gulf of Mexico, US\$ per metric ton
- 2. Corn: U.S. No. 2 Yellow, FOB Gulf of Mexico, U.S. price, US\$ per metric ton
- 3. Sunflower oil: crude, bid, FOB Black Sea, Ukraine, US\$ per metric ton

Source: USDA, APK-inform

- Soft commodity prices (inflation adjusted) continue to be depressed for the 5<sup>th</sup> consecutive year
- Slight signs of soft commodity prices rebound observed during last several months

Kernel, with >40%<sup>4</sup> of its EBITDA being generated by the farming (upstream) business, is best positioned to benefit from the global recovery of soft commodity prices

# A3. Low risk platform

- Kernel has significantly deleveraged its balance sheet over recent years and has a current leverage of net debt / EBITDA of 1.6x (as of 30 June 2017)
- During the Ukrainian economy's challenging years, Kernel has successfully relied on preexport facilities to finance c. 70% of its working capital requirements during its peak periods
- Kernel's export-oriented business model, with a captive origination infrastructure and prudent risk management, limits its exposure to domestic markets and commodity price fluctuations
- Kernel has a well-invested and diversified asset base across Ukraine with strategic access to export routes which represents high barriers to entry
- Kernel's business model enables transferability of c. 95% of its EBITDA to off-shore level, keeping business immune to restrictive capital controls in Ukraine
- Eurobond issue in January 2017 was rated B+ by Fitch and B by S&P, two and one notches above Ukrainian sovereign, respectively, which is an unprecedented achievement for Ukrainian issuers

### Leading credit rating position in Ukraine

 The highest credit rating in Ukraine, 2 (Fitch) and 1 (S&P) notches above the Sovereign, resilient to sovereign stress

### Key credit risks and mitigating factors

# Country risk

 Kernel's export-oriented business model has demonstrated resilience to downturns in the Ukrainian economy

# Sourcing risk

 Ukraine has reached sustainable levels of grain production and Kernel operates a world-class asset base, serving as a captive origination platform which supports growing export volumes

# Counterparty risk

- Diverse customer base (top-10 clients account for 58% of revenues)
- Superb credit default-free track record

# Currency risk

Kernel is naturally hedged against volatility of local currency, nearly 100% of Kernel's revenue is US\$-denominated

# Regulatory risk

 Kernel's export-driven business is largely immune to the existing regulatory framework and restrictive capital controls

# Liquidity risk

A significant portion of Kernel's inventories satisfies RMI criteria and the company has significantly deleveraged: Net debt / EBITDA of 1.6x (as of 30 June 2017)